

17480

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD — SENATE

August 4, 1964

said, "That is inexcusable. There is no justification for his issuing such a release."

I make the statement not only for self-interest alone, although self-interest is involved. I shall always defend myself from this kind of public relations on the part of bureaucrats. But I make the point also because the people of my State are entitled to know that the two Senators from Oregon contributed a great deal to the development of the final agreement.

Mr. Udall needs to refresh his memory on the politics he has forgotten, or the politics he obviously forgot about when he issued that press release, because any politician, any government official, would know that putting out such a release as that would be interpreted by the detractors of the two Senators from Oregon as evidence that the two Senators from Oregon were not parties to the weeks of negotiation and conference that led up to the final agreement.

I have made this speech in order to put the record straight, and I close with the suggestion that, in my judgment, Secretary Udall needs a refresher course in proper public relations with Congress.

TRANSACTION OF ADDITIONAL ROUTINE BUSINESS

By unanimous consent, the following additional routine business was transacted:

MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE—ENROLLED BILL SIGNED

A message from the House of Representatives, by Mr. Bartlett, one of its reading clerks, announced that the Speaker had affixed his signature to the following enrolled bill, and it was signed by the Acting President pro tempore (Mr. INOUE):

H.R. 10503. An act to authorize appropriations for the fiscal years 1966 and 1967 for the construction of certain highways in accordance with title 23 of the United States Code, and for other purposes.

REPORT OF A COMMITTEE

The following additional report of a committee was submitted:

By Mr. BYRD of Virginia, from the Committee on Finance, with amendments:

S. 2281. A bill to clarify the components of, and to assist in the management of, the national debt and the tax structure (Rept. No. 1322).

ADDITIONAL BILL INTRODUCED

Mr. MORSE, by unanimous consent, introduced a bill (S. 3078) to authorize the employment of retired personnel of the Federal Government by the Board of Education of the District of Columbia, and to authorize the employment of retired personnel of the Board of Education of the District of Columbia, by the Federal Government, which was read twice by its title and referred to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

(See the remarks of Mr. MORSE when he introduced the above bill, which appear under a separate heading.)

AMENDMENT OF FOREIGN ASSISTANCE ACT OF 1961—AMENDMENT (AMENDMENT NO. 1183)

Mr. MILLER. Mr. President, I submit an amendment to House bill 11380, to amend further the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended, and for other purposes. I ask unanimous consent that the amendment be printed and lie on the table, and also that it be printed in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The amendment will be received, printed, and lie on the table; and, without objection the amendment will be printed in the RECORD.

The amendment (No. 1183) was ordered to lie on the table, as follows:

On page 12, line 23, add the following new subsection:

"(g) In order to encourage preservation of the financial solvency of the United Nations which is being threatened by the failure of some member nations to pay currently their assessments and/or contributions to the United Nations, no assistance shall be furnished under the provisions of this Act, to the government of any nation which is more than one year in arrears in its payment of any assessment by the United Nations for its regular budget or for peace and security operations, unless a report is first furnished by the President to the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and to the Speaker of the House of Representatives setting forth his determination that such assistance should nevertheless be furnished, accompanied by the reasons for such determination, including the assurance, if any, given by the government concerned of paying (independently of such assistance) all such arrearages and placing its payments of such assessments on a current basis, or an explanation of the unusual and exceptional circumstances which make it economically incapable of giving such assurance."

AMENDMENTS NOS. 1184 THROUGH 1188, INCLUSIVE

Mr. MORSE. Mr. President, I send to the desk my third batch of amendments to the foreign aid bill. I shall have more before the week is over.

The amendments constitute a series of policy amendments. As Senators know, I think the foreign aid bill should be amended in two major ways. First, it should be amended money wise, by reducing the money authorization in the bill to not more than \$3 billion, which is about \$500 million too much, but it is at least \$500 million less than the administration is asking for in its so-called barebones bill, which has a great deal of fat clinging to it and I wish to cut it out. I believe we should go \$500 million below \$3 billion. But I would settle for \$3 billion.

I say in answer to those who say that the senior Senator from Oregon never compromises that I shall compromise anything but a principle. This is a compromise on a financial amount between \$3,500 million and \$3 billion.

Equally important, and probably in many ways more important, I have a set

of so-called policy reform amendments that would change foreign aid policies in many respects.

As I said earlier, the State Department, the AID people, and the Pentagon are already reading the handwriting on the wall. They know that time is with the senior Senator from Oregon. They have told them so. They know that sooner or later they will have to come to it. They do not wish to come to it before the coming election. That would not be politically expedient, although I happen to think that it would be politically right and I would like to see my administration stay on the side of right rather than to yield to arguments of political expediency.

Mr. President, they are already planning to set up some conferences before the next foreign aid bill is sent to the Congress to deal with these policy and financial questions which the Senator from Oregon as set out in his minority views this year, because those minority views have them troubled. The reason they have them troubled is that they cannot answer them and they know it. So, Mr. President, I have sent this third batch of amendments to the desk. I shall probably have one more batch before the week is out.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The amendments will be received, printed, and will lie on the table.

GRANTING OF LEGISLATIVE AUTHORITY TO SELECT COMMITTEE ON SMALL BUSINESS—ADDITIONAL COSPONSOR OF RESOLUTION

Mr. PROUTY. Mr. President, at its next printing, I ask unanimous consent that the name of the Senator from Indiana [Mr. HARTKE] may be added as a cosponsor of the resolution (S. Res. 30) granting legislative authority to the Select Committee on Small Business.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

ADJOURNMENT TO 10 A.M. TOMORROW

Mr. MORSE. Mr. President, in accordance with the order previously entered, I move that the Senate stand in adjournment until 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

The motion was agreed to; and (at 10 o'clock and 36 minutes p.m.), under the previous order, the Senate adjourned until tomorrow, Wednesday, August 5, 1964, at 10 a.m.

NOMINATIONS

Executive nominations received by the Senate August 4, 1964:

THE JUDICIARY

Sidney I. Lezak, of Oregon, to be U.S. attorney for the district of Oregon for the term of 4 years, vice Clarence E. Luckey.

Robert P. Anderson, of Connecticut, to be U.S. circuit judge, second circuit, vice Charles E. Clark, deceased.

Robert C. Zampano, of Connecticut, to be U.S. district judge for the district of Connecticut, vice Robert P. Anderson, elevated.